

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, December 2.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .25.
Temperature, Max. 78; Min. 70. Weather, variable.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4.33c. Per Ton, \$86.60.
88 Analysis Beets, 12s. 9d. Per Ton, \$94.00.

VOL. L., NO. 8524.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LILIUOKALANI DISPOSES OF ESTATE

Deeds Her Property in Trust to
Governor Cleghorn, W. O.
Smith and C. P. Laukea.

IS VIRTUALLY HER LAST WILL

Aimoku Is to Get Washington
Place—Children's Orphan-
ages to Be Built.

Liliuokalani, former Queen of Hawaii, has, by an instrument signed by her yesterday and filed for record in the bureau of conveyances, turned over virtually all of her property by deed of trust to A. S. Cleghorn, Curtis P. Laukea and W. O. Smith and executed what is to all intents and purposes her will. John Dominis Aimoku becomes the heir of the bulk of the property; Curtis P. Laukea gets a good-sized slice, and Joseph Kaiponohea Aea, who has for a long time been looked upon as being the favorite ward, comes out with an inheritance much less in value than that which Aimoku will ultimately get. He is to receive the Waikiki place and \$1800 a year, while Aimoku is to get the Queen's principal residence, Washington Place, and an annuity of \$6000 a year.

The Queen does not devise any real property in fee to those to whom she leaves it with the exception of a grant to C. P. Laukea. In every case the property is left to the persons named to be held during their lifetime, and by their children afterwards, reverting ultimately to the trustees.

There is no preamble, nothing to indicate why the Queen has taken the unexpected and important step. The indenture, prepared by A. S. Humphreys, the Queen's legal adviser, sets forth that Liliuokalani, widow of the late John O. Dominis, is desirous of placing all her property in trust to be held and administered by the trustees for the uses and purposes in this instrument set forth.

Retains Her Residence.

The grantor turns over to the trustees all of her property, except "an estate for the life of said grantor, hereby reserved, in and to her present residence premises known as Washington Place on Beretania avenue in Honolulu, and also the premises at Waikiki known as Kealahilani; and reserving and excepting also all of the household furniture and furnishings and contents of each of said residence properties, and all personal effects of said grantor, as now enjoyed by her, including all personal or family mementoes, heirlooms, pictures, bric-a-brac, crests, decorations, kahlilis, and like property; and excepting further any claim said grantor may



QUEEN LILIUOKALANI.

Who has transferred all her property by trust deed.

have or claim to have against the United States.

The entire management of the estate is given into the hands of the trustees and they may deal with the property practically as if it were their own, so far as the business management is concerned.

Application of Income.

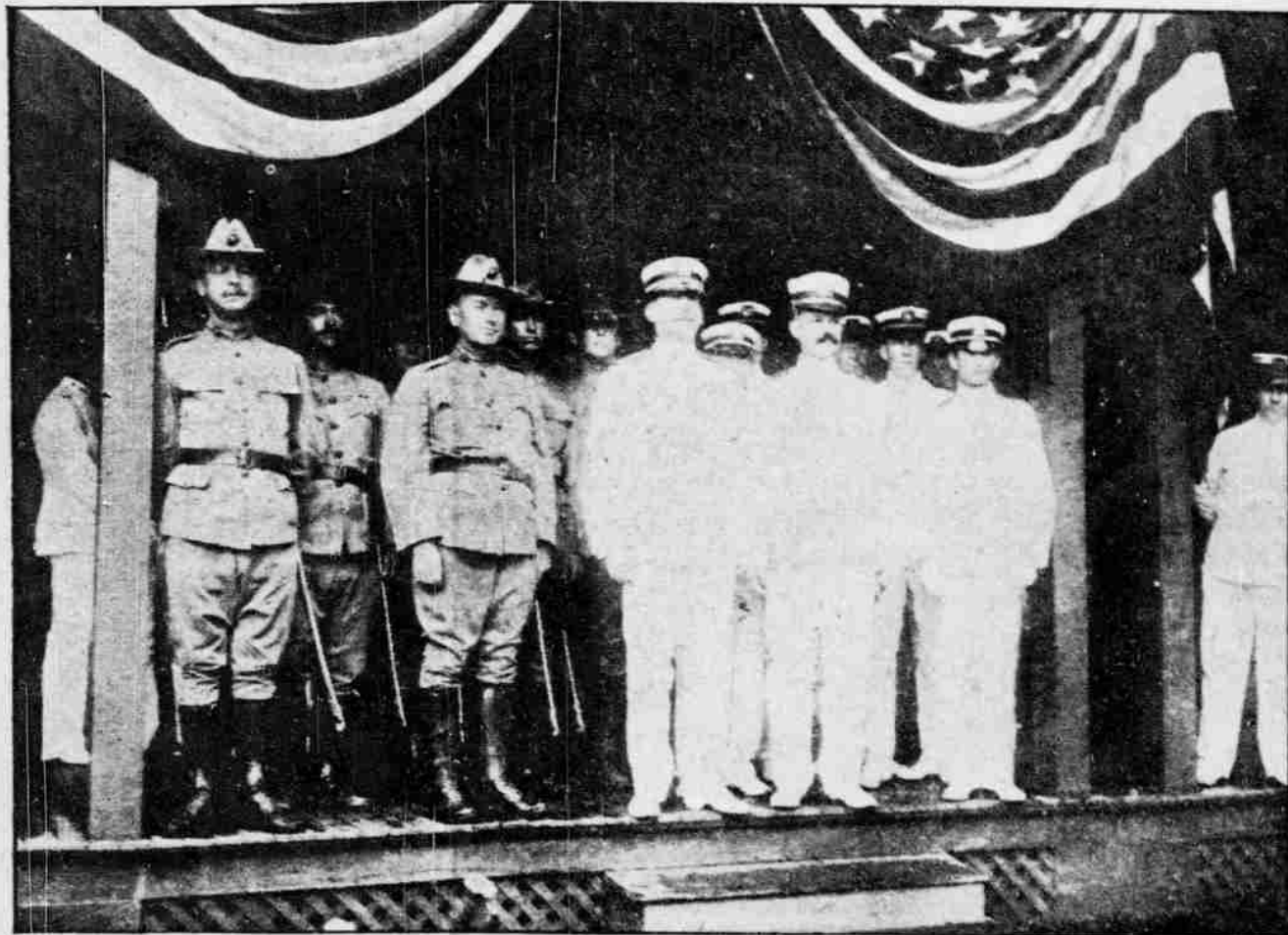
It is provided that the trustees shall apply the income from the trust estate, first, to the payment of all taxes, insurance premiums, the repair, maintenance and improvement of the property and administration expenses; second, to the payment of interest on mortgage indebtedness, evidenced by the promissory note of November 10, 1908, for \$70,000 to Claus Spreckels & Co. As often as she may desire, the net income is to be paid to the Queen during her life. Unsecured indebtedness is to be paid off from time to time. (Continued on Page Twelve.)

REAR-ADMIRAL REES HOISTS HIS FLAG AND GUNS BOOM

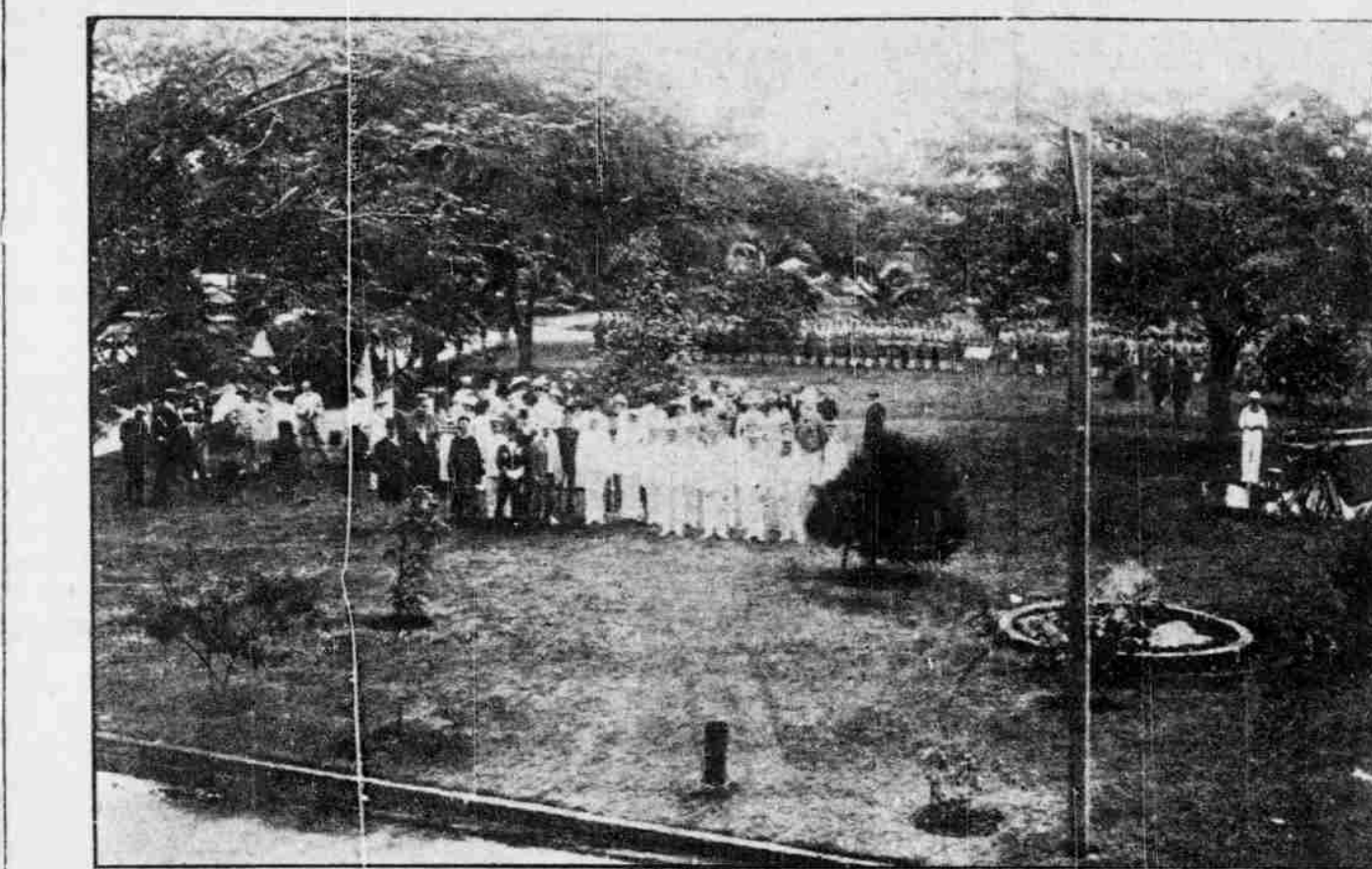
The two-starred blue pennant designating the new rank of Rear-Admiral Corwin P. Rees was hoisted to the top of the flagstaff at the naval station yesterday morning in the presence of a large and brilliant gathering of army, navy and marine officers, members of the consular corps and local society people. The raising of the Admiral's flag was much in the nature of a social function, and was followed by a buffet luncheon at which the guests drank the health of the Admiral and tendered their congratulations.

The marine battalion, under command of Major Long, was drawn up on the Waikiki end of the square, and as the blue pennant fluttered to the truck of the flagstaff, the marines presented arms, while thirteen guns, the Rear-Admiral's salute, boomed from the saluting battery. The men from the Iroquois, and the band were also present and were drawn up at the mauka side of the square. As the guns ceased firing, the band struck up a lively air, which concluded the formal ceremonies. The guests then adjourned to the finely decorated office of the captain of the yard, where luncheon was served.

Among those present at the flag raising were the entire consular corps, Ad-



Rear-Admiral Rees, with his staff and the naval and marine officers of the Honolulu Naval Station.



miral Whiting, Mrs. Whiting, Miss Whiting, the officers of the navy yard, the Marine officers, Major Cree, Major Dunning, Captain Wilbur, Lt. Col. Jones, Major McGinnis, Generals Davis and McClellan, Judges Dole, Woodruff, Ballou and Whitney, Acting Governor

Mott-Smith, ex-Governor Cleghorn, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Miss Moore, Miss Chumbar, Mrs. Parks, Miss Frear, Mrs. Hawes, Mrs. T. Clive Davies, Mrs. Rees, Mrs. F. M. Swany, Miss Stephens, Mrs. Ramsey, Mrs. Lane, Mrs. Hornberger, Mrs. Langhorne, Miss Schaefer, Hon.

Robert Lewers, Mr. and Mrs. James Wilder, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Wilder, H. F. Wichman, Supt. of Public Instruction W. H. Babbitt, U. S. District Attorney Breckons, U. S. Marshal Hendry, W. F. Dillingham, Mrs. Walter F. Frear, Mrs. Sutton and Miss Whitney.

WRITER HAD THE USUAL PILIKIA

Paid Extra for Stateroom and
Then Did Not Get It
After All.

Tourists have not a path strewn with roses to tempt them to come to Hawaii under the present restrictions of the coastwise shipping law. On the contrary every obstacle and embarrassment and annoyance seems to meet them when they wish to book to come here. Mrs. Lucia Harvey of Chicago, the writer, who arrived here in the Siberia (Continued on Page Four.)

WORSE THAN A SUFFRAGETTE MOB

PARIS.—An extraordinary scene occurred in the Avenue Henri Martin the other morning outside the house of M. Hamelin, a magistrate whose duty it has been to fine and imprison a large number of chauffeurs for furious driving and other offenses. After meeting at the Bourse du Travail, 2000 taxicabs drove up and surrounded the magistrate's house and made the night hideous with their hooters for half an hour. Many people rushed out into the street in their night attire, thinking there was a great fire. The uproar aroused everybody except M. Hamelin, the magistrate, who sleeps in a back room on the fourth floor.

The police arrested half a dozen of the ringleaders, but all the 2000 taxicabs followed them to the police station and there was a fight round the station, which only ended with the arrival of the Republican Guards on horseback.

MONGOLIA DUE TODAY.

The Mongolia is due in here this morning. She carries one of the largest freight lists ever brought here from the Orient—no less than 2500 tons. Her freight being so heavy, it is doubtful if she will be able to get away before tomorrow morning. She will carry the last express that will get to the Coast in time for Christmas.

GAMBLERS CALLED AS WITNESSES IN LEAL INVESTIGATION BY GRAND JURY

McHenry and Apaliona Testify Before Inquisitors as to Their Relations With the Deposed Chief of Detectives—Apaliona Will Again Take Stand This Morning—Statements to Sheriff.

An all-day session of the territorial grand jury yesterday, investigating charges of graft against the discharged chief of detectives, Joe Leal, resulted only in the examination of J. H. McHenry and in taking part of the testimony of Sam Apaliona. It will convene this morning again at nine o'clock, and the balance of the testimony of the latter will be heard.

Matsu, the Japanese servant of the deposed chief of detectives, has been called and is waiting to enter the inquisitorial chamber, which he will probably do today. The investigation might possibly run into another day, and will at all events hardly be completed before this evening.

The testimony of McHenry and Apaliona is supposed to bear toward the same end—that is, that a game conducted by them and others was under the protection of Leal.

Both witnesses made statements to Sheriff Jarrett previous to the commencement of the investigation by the grand jury, and it is partly on what they then said that the sheriff based his charges against his inferior officer. In these statements to the sheriff, McHenry said that he had arrived here on May 13, this year, on the transport Sheridan, upon which he was a stow-away. He had, according to himself, no intention of staying here at that time, but sent his partner, a man named Shepherd, to see if the town could be "opened up." Shepherd saw Leal, and the latter said that he did not think that the sheriff could "be reached," and that they had better wait.

Shortly after that Shepherd left, and a talk was had with Willie Vida over the same thing. Vida introduced McHenry to Leal, who was told that McHenry was a professional gambler and here for the purpose of opening the town if it was possible. The three men met in the Royal Annex toward the end of June.

Open Game.

Later they decided to open a game

on King street just below the railroad station on the right-hand side. The entrance to this place was on an alley and not on the street proper. The arrangement, according to McHenry, that was made at this time with Leal was that the latter was to receive 50 per cent. of the net takings. The scheme was to open a bank crap game and also a percentage game.

Leal was particularly anxious that no Hawaiian should be admitted to the game. The first night it was opened it was run by Napoleon, another name for Apaliona, and Willie Vida watched in the Royal Annex for the signal that would warn him that he had better close up the game. As the gamblers thought that if the Japanese, who were the principal patrons of the game, knew there was a white man in the business, they would more readily believe that the game had the protection of the police, and so McHenry ran the game the second night. He refused to tell them, as his partners wanted him to, that the game was his alone.

McHenry stated that they netted from forty to fifty dollars a night for three days, when the third day's winnings were lost in a game called "Klondyke."

Leal Warns.

After this Leal expressed a desire to see the gamblers, and finally saw Vida, Napoleon and McHenry. The chief (Continued on Page Two.)

ATTEMPT TO DYNAMITE THE PANAMA RAILROAD

(By Associated Press.)

PANAMA, December 2.—An attempt was made today to blow up the Isthmus Railway. The discovery of the plot was made in time to prevent heavy loss of railway property. Dynamite was the agent to be used in the attempt. No arrests were made.

COMMONS STANDS FOR ITS RIGHTS

Overwhelming Vote of Censure
for the Lords—Preparing
for a Big Struggle.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, December 3.—The resolution presented to the house of commons by Premier Asquith, declaring that the lords, in defeating the budget bill, have encroached on the prerogatives of the commons, was yesterday adopted by a vote of three hundred and forty-nine votes to one hundred and thirty-four. Practically every Unionist vote was counted in the division, but the government had only two-thirds of its members in the house, the others being absent in their constituencies preparing for the elections.

Elections Next Month.

Parliament will be dissolved today, and writs for a general election will be issued at once, the voting to be during January.

Both sides are preparing for a strenuous campaign, and it is recognized that the country is now entering upon the most momentous constitutional struggle for centuries.

RAILROAD MEN TO FACE STRIKEBREAKERS

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PAUL, December 3.—The railroads centering here have hired a thousand strikebreakers to take the places of the switchmen who are out.

Conditions are getting serious along the lines and a big freight blockade is threatened both east and west of the Missouri.

Mills Closed.

MINNEAPOLIS, December 2.—The flour mills here have been forced to close through the fact that many of the hands have gone out on strike in sympathy with the striking switchmen.

Strike May Spread.

NEW YORK, December 3.—Representatives of the trainmen on all the eastern railroads, comprising railroad unions with a combined membership of three hundred thousand men, have issued a statement that they are preparing to demand soon a ten per cent. increase in their pay.

C. P. R. ORDERS STEAMSHIPS.

(By Associated Press.)

WINNIPEG, December 2.—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has ordered the construction of two massive steamships, to cost a million dollars each, to be placed on a new run between Vancouver and Alaskan ports.

ALSOP CLAIM UP TO KING.

(By Associated Press.)

SANTIAGO, Chile, December 2.—The authorities today signed the protocol agreeing to refer the Alsop claim to King Edward for arbitration.

MEXICO WILL REMAIN A NEUTRAL

Knox's Action Creates Sensation
in National Capital, and Is
Much Discussed.

IS REGARDED AS TOO HASTY

Marine Force Being Hurried to
the South—Kimball Placed
in Command.

(By Associated Press.)

CITY OF MEXICO, December 3.—The most intense interest is being taken here in the preparations being made by the United States to make war upon Nicaragua. The dismissal of the Nicaraguan charge d'affaires from Washington by Secretary of State Knox and the severe letter written to him, accompanying his dismissal, have created a sensation and there is much comment on the action of the Washington official.

Throughout the comment there is an undertone of criticism against the United States, the feeling being that the action taken has been too hasty.

Mexico Will Be Neutral.

Senor Don Ignacio Mariscal, the secretary of foreign affairs, yesterday made an official announcement of the plans of the Mexican government to preserve a neutral attitude in the impending hostilities.

Rushing Ships of War.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—The cruiser Albany and the gunboat Yorktown, that are now at Magdalena Bay, have been ordered to proceed with all possible despatch to Corinto, where they will be held in readiness for further developments in Central America. The cruisers Des Moines, Tacoma and Marietta have been ordered to take station at Point Limon.

The cruiser Vietsburg has been stationed at Corinto.

Prairie Goes Aground.

The naval transport Prairie, bearing Admiral Kimball and 700 marines, sailed yesterday from Philadelphia for the Caribbean sea. She went ashore while passing down the Delaware and is still aground, despite the efforts of several tugs to pull her off and into deep water. The exact destination of the war force aboard her is not known, but it is believed that they will go either to Panama to await developments or direct to Nicaraguan ports.

Princeton En Route.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 3.—The cruiser Princeton, which went ashore at Willapa while off on orders for Nicaragua, is expected to reach here today.

Lucien Young Ready.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 3.—Capt. Lucien Young, captain of the Mare Island navy yard, has been detached from duty in the yard and will probably be given a command aboard ship.

Kimball to Command.

PHILADELPHIA, December 3.—Rear-Admiral W. W. Kimball has been placed in command of the naval forces being despatched to Nicaraguan waters on the Atlantic side.

Buffalo Provisioning.

PANAMA, December 2.—Preparations for an active campaign were very much in evidence here today when the naval transport Buffalo began to take on provisions for 500 men, which is supposed to be this ship's complement of the force that may be called to act in Nicaragua.

WASHINGTON HAS A GREAT FLOOD

(By Associated Press.)

BELLINGHAM, Washington, December 3.—The country around Bellingham is inundated by floods. Railroads have been damaged through reported to have being estimated at a million dollars known to have hundred thousand ready for and mill